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$$5 \quad \begin{aligned} B_1 &= T_1 Y(I-2) + T_2 Y(I-1) + T_3 Y(I) + T_4 Y(I+1) + T_5 Y(I+2) \\ C_1 &= S_1 Y(I-2) + S_2 Y(I-2) + S_3 Y(I) + S_4 Y(I+1) + S_5 Y(I+2) \end{aligned}$$

7. The method of claim 6, wherein computing the curvature comprises computing an average curvature between two adjacent sample points based on a linear interpolation of the  $B_i$  and  $C_i$  between two adjacent points and integrating the computed curvatures between the two adjacent sample points  $X_1, X_2, X_3, \dots, X_i$ .

9. The method of claim 8, wherein the set of predetermined threshold values are based  
20 on a previous curvature value, a first curvature value, and a curvature threshold limit.

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11. The method of claim 8, wherein comparing the extracted features comprises comparing the separated set of extracted features associated with the first complex with a set of predetermined templates.

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12. The method of claim 11, wherein comparing the extracted features further comprises:

identifying a fiducial feature from the set of separated features associated with the first complex based on a predetermined deviation value; and

5 aligning the set of separated features associated using the identified fiducial feature.

13. The method of claim 12, wherein the predetermined deviation value is based on a sample point having an amplitude farthest from a predetermined reference point.

10 14. The method of claim 13, further includes repeating the above steps for a real-time classification of heart beat signals from the sensed cardiac signal.

15. The method of claim 13, wherein the feature is defined by one or more metrics.

15 16. The method of claim 15, wherein the one or more metrics are area under a computed curvature, a time of centroid of the area, and a value of original signal amplitude at a time of the centroid of the area.

17. The method of claim 13, wherein comparing the set of features comprises  
20 comparing the set of features associated with the first complex with one or more predetermined heart beat signals.

18. The method of claim 8, wherein the predetermined set of templates comprises one or more predetermined template zones defined by a center time, a center amplitude, a time  
25 width, and an amplitude width.

19. The method of claim 1, further comprises providing a therapy to a heart based on the outcome of the classification.

20. The method of claim 1, further comprises guiding a therapy to a heart based on the outcome of the classification.

21. The method of claim 1, further comprises storing classifications for diagnostic purposes.

22. The method of claim 1, wherein computing the curvature further comprises permitting the computed curvature signal to have a variable gain that adapts according to the changes in sensed cardiac signal.

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23. A cardiac rhythm management system, comprising:

at least one electrode;

a signal sensing circuit coupled to the electrode to sense a cardiac signal;

a controller coupled to the sensing circuit, wherein the controller receives the sensed

15 cardiac signal, and wherein the controller includes:

an analyzer, to compute curvatures at sample points  $X_1, X_2, X_3, \dots, X_i$  on the sensed cardiac signal, wherein the analyzer extracts features by comparing the computed curvatures to a set of predetermined threshold values; and

20 a comparator, coupled to the analyzer, compares the extracted features with a set of predetermined templates, and classifies the sensed cardiac signal based on the outcome of the comparison.

24. The system of claim 23, wherein the sensing the cardiac signal includes sensing complexes on a real-time basis, wherein the complexes comprise heart beat signals.

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25. The system of claim 23, wherein computing curvatures comprises computing curvatures at the sample points  $X_1, X_2, X_3, \dots, X_i$  by fitting a cubic least square error curve to a first complex of the sensed cardiac signal using an N sample points to fit the cubic least square error curve, wherein the analyzer extracts features of the first complex  
30 by comparing the computed curvatures of the first complex to a set of predetermined



33. The system of claim 25, wherein N is an odd number greater than or equal to 5.

34. The system of claim 33, wherein the computing curvature comprises computing curvature at a mid point of the N number of sample points.

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35. The system of claim 34, wherein the analyzer computes the curvature (K) at a sample point  $X_i$  on the cardiac signal when using 5 sample points to fit the cubic least square error curve, based on

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$$K = (2C_i / (1 + B_i^2)^{3/2})$$

where

$$B_i = T_1 Y(I-2) + T_2 Y(I-1) + T_3 Y(I) + T_4 Y(I+1) + T_5 Y(I+2)$$

$$C_i = S_1 Y(I-2) + S_2 Y(I-1) + S_3 Y(I) + S_4 Y(I+1) + S_5 Y(I+2)$$

where S and T are constants.

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36. The system of claim 35, wherein the analyzer computes an average curvature between two adjacent sample points based on linear interpolation of the  $B_i$  and  $C_i$  between two adjacent points and integrating the computed curvatures between the two adjacent sample points.

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37. The system of claim 25, wherein the analyzer further comprises a variable gain, wherein the variable gain adapts according to changes in the sensed cardiac signal.

38. The system of claim 25, wherein the at least one electrode is disposed in or around  
25 a heart.

39. The system of claim 25, further comprises a memory to store the extracted features of the first complex.

40. The system of claim 39, wherein the memory further stores the classified first complexes for diagnostic purposes.

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